Characters of Symmetric Groups

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Partition of n: sequence of positive integers $(\lambda_1, \ldots, \lambda_r)$ such that

$$\sum_{i=1}^{r} \lambda_i = n.$$

The λ_i are the parts.

Partitions can be represented as tableaux, with number of boxes in each row equal to size of each part; e.g.,

$$(4, 4, 1) \leftrightarrow$$

Number of partitions of n is same as number of conjugacy classes of S_n.

There is a bijection between partitions of n and irreducible ordinary characters of S_n.

Write χ^λ for character corresponding to λ. The degree is given by the **Hook Order Formula**.

Let x be a box in λ. Then $h(x)$ equals the number of boxes below x, plus those to the right of x, plus 1. We have

$$\chi^\lambda(1) = \frac{n!}{\prod_{x \in \lambda} h(x)}$$

Conjugate partition λ^c of λ: partition whose tableau is reflection of λ.

For every λ, both λ and λ^c have the same hook numbers. Are there any others?

Cluster: set of partitions with same hook numbers.

λ is a partition, with r rows, c columns.

Write $\lambda = (\lambda_1, \lambda_2, \ldots, \lambda_r)$.

Let p be an integer with $1 \leqslant p \leqslant r - 1$.
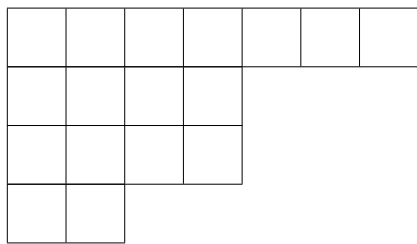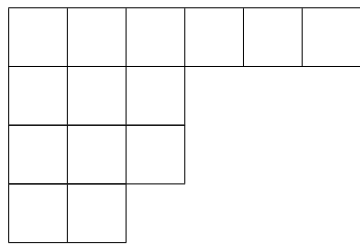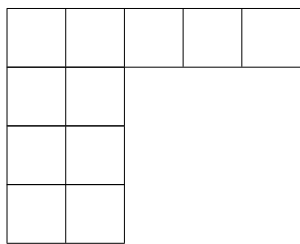
Remainder of λ: bottom $r - p$ rows.

Rump of λ: top p rows.
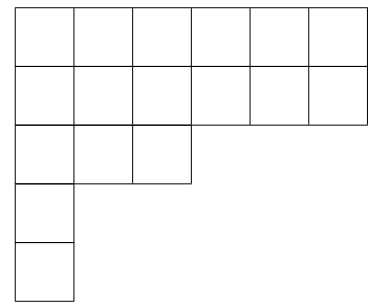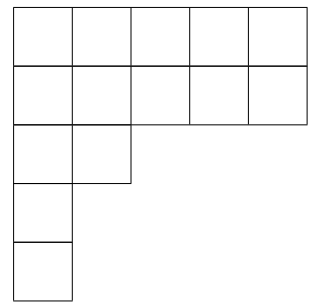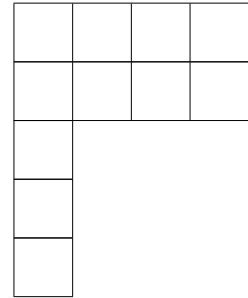
Front section of λ: front piece of the rump.

Extension of λ: the number $\lambda_p - \lambda_{p+1}$.

Periodic cluster: can add boxes to first p rows of all partitions and still get a cluster.

$(5+n, 5+n, 2+n, 2)$ $\qquad$ $(4+n, 4+n, 1+n, 1, 1)$

$$E((5,5,3,2))$$